

161. (2) Every living organism has one scientific name with two components.
162. (2) Two different species cannot breed together to produce fertile offsprings.
163. (4) Taxonomy is classification of diverse organisms in different taxa.
164. (3) In scientific names author's name is optional and written in abbreviated roman.
165. (4) Correct sequence of taxonomic study is
Characterisation → Identification → Nomenclature → Classification
(First) (Last)
166. (2) Fact based
167. (2) Correct sequence of taxonomic categories.
Species → Genus → Family → Order
168. (1)
- | | | |
|------------|---|-------|
| Mammalia | - | Class |
| Sapindales | - | Order |
| Primata | - | Order |
| Poales | - | Order |
169. (4)
Species → Genus → Family → Order → Class → Division → Kingdom
170. (3) Fact based