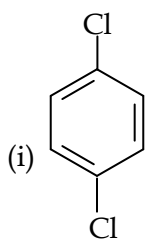


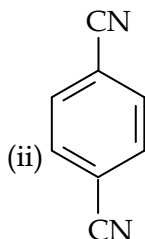
81. The state of hybridisation of S in SF_4 is
 (1) sp^3 and has a lone pair of electron
 (2) sp^2 and has tetrahedral structure
 (3) sp^3d and has a trigonal bipyramidal geometry
 (4) sp^3d^2 and has an octahedral structure
82. The correct increasing bond angles order is:
 (1) $\text{BF}_3 < \text{NF}_3 < \text{PF}_3 < \text{ClF}_3$
 (2) $\text{ClF}_3 < \text{PF}_3 < \text{NF}_3 < \text{BF}_3$
 (3) $\text{ClF}_3 < \text{NF}_3 < \text{PF}_3 < \text{BF}_3$
 (4) $\text{BF}_3 < \text{NF}_3 < \text{PF}_3 > \text{ClF}_3$
83. The charge/size ratio of a cation determines its polarising power. Which one of the following sequences represents the increasing order of the polarising power of the cationic species, $\text{K}^+, \text{Ca}^{2+}, \text{Mg}^{2+}, \text{Be}^{2+}$?
 (1) $\text{Mg}^{2+} < \text{Be}^{2+} < \text{K}^+ < \text{Ca}^{2+}$
 (2) $\text{Be}^{2+} < \text{K}^+ < \text{Ca}^{2+} < \text{Mg}^{2+}$
 (3) $\text{K}^+ < \text{Ca}^{2+} < \text{Mg}^{2+} < \text{Be}^{2+}$
 (4) $\text{Ca}^{2+} < \text{Mg}^{2+} < \text{Be}^{2+} < \text{K}^+$
84. The hydration energy of Mg^{2+} is larger than that of:
 (1) Al^{3+} (2) Na^+ (3) Be^{2+} (4) Both (1) & (3)
85. In a polar molecule, the ionic charge is 4.8×10^{-10} esu. If the interionic distance is 1 Å unit, then the dipole moment is
 (1) 0.48 debye (2) 4.18 debye (3) 4.8 debye (4) 41.8 debye

SECTION-B

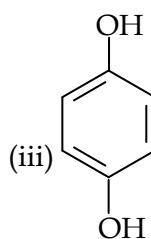
86. Which of the following is not correct with respect to bond length of the species ?
 (1) $\text{C}_2 > \text{C}_2^-$ (2) $\text{B}_2^+ > \text{B}_2$ (3) $\text{Li}_2^+ > \text{Li}_2$ (4) $\text{O}_2 > \text{O}_2^-$
87. In the molecular orbital diagram for O_2^+ ion, the highest occupied orbital is
 (1) σ MO orbital (2) π MO orbital (3) π^* MO orbital (4) σ^* MO orbital
88. Which one of the following pairs of molecules will have permanent dipole moments for both members ?
 (1) NO_2 and CO_2 (2) NO_2 and O_3 (3) SiF_4 and CO_2 (4) SiF_4 and NO_2
89. In which of the following pairs of molecules/ions, both the species are not likely to exist ?
 (1) $\text{H}_2^+, \text{He}_2^-$ (2) $\text{H}_2^-, \text{He}_2^-$ (3) $\text{H}_2^{2+}, \text{He}_2$ (4) $\text{H}_2^-, \text{He}_2^{2+}$
90. For which of the following molecule significant $\mu \neq 0$?



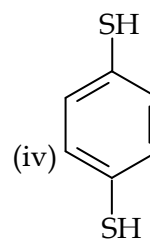
(1) Only (i)



(2) (i) and (ii)



(3) Only (iii)



(4) (iii) and (iv)