

PHYSICS

1. (2)

$$\text{Wavelength, } \lambda = \frac{c}{\nu}$$

$$= 2\pi\sqrt{LC} \times c$$

$$= 2 \times 3.14 \times 3 \times 10^8 \sqrt{400 \times 10^{-12} \times 100 \times 10^{-6}}$$

$$= 377 \text{ m}$$

2. (4)

$$B = \frac{E}{c} = \frac{10^4}{3 \times 10^8} = 3.33 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$$

3. (1)

Conceptual

4. (3)

5. (1)

$$\vec{S} = \frac{\vec{E} \times \vec{B}}{\mu_0}$$

$$\vec{S} \parallel (\vec{E} \times \vec{B})$$

6. (2)

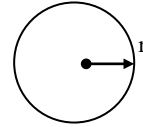
$$\text{We know } I = \frac{P}{4\pi r^2} \quad \dots (1)$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E_0^2 C \quad \dots (2)$$

From equation (1) and (2), we get

$$\frac{P}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E_0^2 C$$

$$E_0 = \sqrt{\frac{P_0}{2\pi\epsilon_0 Cr^2}}$$



7. (3)

$$\text{Wavelength, } \lambda = \frac{c}{\nu}$$

$$= \frac{3 \times 10^8}{2 \times 10^{10}} = 1.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

8. (2)

9. (3)

10. (2)

$$\frac{E_{\max}}{B_{\max}} = v \text{ and } B = \mu_0 H$$

$$\Rightarrow H_{\max} = \frac{E_{\max}}{\mu_0 v}$$

$$= \frac{100}{(4\pi \times 10^{-7}) \left(\frac{10^8}{2}\right)} = \frac{5}{\pi}$$